SYLLABUS FOR PAPER I & II FOR M.B.B.S COURSE

SUBJECT - ANATOMY

PAPER - I

General Anatomy, CNS, Head & Neck, Upper Limb, General Histology, General Embryology, 20% Applied Anatomy

PAPER - II

Thorax, Abdomen & Pelvis, Lower Limb, Systemic Histology, Systemic Embryology, Genetics, 20% Applied Anatomy

SUBJECT - PHYSIOLOGY

PAPER - I

Blood, Cardiovascular System, Respiratory System including respiratory adjustment in Health and Disease, Renal Physiology, Gastro-intestinal System.

PAPER - II

General Physiology, Nerve and Muscle, Neurophysiology, Special Senses, Autonomic nervours system, Endocrine Physiology, Reproductive Phsiology.

SUBJECT - BIOCHEMISTRY

PAPER – I

- 1. Physical aspects of biochemistry
- 2. Cellular structure and functions
- 3. Chemistry of biomolecules
- 4. Transport across membrances
- 5. Chemistry of carbohydrate, Lipid, Proteins, Nucleic acid
- 6. Radioisotopes and their application in Medicine
- 7. Enzymology
- 8. Porphrins
- 9. Chemistry of respiration
- 10. Acid base balance
- 11. Body fluid and electrolyte balance
- 12. Immune system and immunochemistry
- 13. Organ functional tests

PAPER - II

- 1. Bioenergetics
- 2. Digestion and absorption
- 3. Metabolism of carbohydrate, Lipid, protein, Nucleic acid, purines & Pyrimidines
- 4. Biochemical basis of inherited disorders and their sequel
- 5. Digestion and absorption
- 6. Diet & nutrition including vitamins & minerals & ener4gy metabolism
- 7. Hormones (chemistry, synthesis, metabolism)
- 8. Molecular biology
- 9. Environmental health hazards
- 10. Cancer
- 11. Carcinogenesis
- 12. Principles of laboratory investigations and instrumentation analysis
- 13. HIV

SUBJECT - PATHOLOGY

$\underline{PAPER-I}$ (1st half)

General Pathology

$\underline{PAPER-I}$ (2nd half)

- Immunopathology
- Lymphoreticular Pathology
- Haematology
- Clinical Pathology

$\underline{PAPER - II}$ (1st half)

- Cardiovascular System
- Respiratory System
- Bones & Joints
- Chemical Pathology

PAPER – II (2nd half)

- GIT
- Urinary System
- Breast Pathology
- Reproductive Systems (M & F)
- Hepatobiliary System
- Endocrines and Central Nervour System (Broad concepts only)

SUBJECT - MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER - I

GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY:

- 1. Introduction to Microbiology
 - a) Classification of Microbes
 - b) Introduction to Bacteriology and Bacterial Taxonomy
- 2. Morphology:
 - a) Microscopy
 - b) Staining methods
- 3. Growth & Nutrition
- 4. Sterilization & Disinfection
- 5. Culture media & methods
- 6. Identification of bacteria
- 7. Bacterial genetics + Recombinant DNA technology
- 8. Pathogenesis of bacterial diseases
- 9. Antimicrobial agents

IMMUNOLOGY:

- 1. Immunity
- 2. Structure & functions of immune system
- 3. Immune response & tolerance (Cell mediated immunity)
- 4. Antigens
- 5. Antibody
- 6. Ag-Ab reaction

- 7. Hypersensitivity
- 8. Complement
- 9. Auto immunity tumor & transplant immunity
- 10. Immunodeficiency
- 11. Immunodiagnosis
- 12. Immunoprophylaxis

BACTERIOLOGY

- 1. Staphylococcus
- 2. Streptococcus
- 3. Pneumococcus
- 4. Neisseria, Branhamella, Moraxella
- 5. Corynebacterium
- 6. Bacillus
- 7. Clostridium: Anaerobic spore bearer
- 8. Non sporing anaerobes
- 9. Enterobacteriacease I E. coli, Klebsiella etc.
- 10. Enterobacteriacease II Salmonella
- 11. Enterobacteriacease III Shigella
- 12. Vibrios, Aeromonas, Plesiomonas
- 13. Campylobacter, Helicobacter, Spirillum
- 14. Pseudomonas and non fermenters
- 15. Yersinia, Pasteurella, Francisella
- 16. Haemophillus
- 17. Bordetella & Brucella
- 18. Mycobacterium I M. tuberculosis
- 19. Mycrobacterium II Atypical Mycobacteria
- 20. Mycobacterium III M. leprae
- 21. Spirochaetes I Treponema
- 22. Spirochaetes II Leptospira, Borrelia
- 23. Actinomyces, Nocardia ...

CLINICAL / APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

- 1. PUO
- 2. UTI
- 3. Food poisoning, Diarrhoea & dysentery
- 4. Meningitis
- 5. STDs
- 6. Bacteremia & Speticemia
- 7. Congenital infections
- 8. Normal flora
- 9. HAI
- 10. Hospital waste management
- 11. Bacteriology of air, water & flood
- 12. Zoonoses

PAPER-II

VIROLOGY:

- 1. Introduction of virology
- 2. Pathogenesis of viral diseases
- 3. Lab.diagnosis of viral diseases
- 4. DNA viruses & Bacteriophage
- 5. Poxvirus
- 6. Herpesviruses
- 7. Nonenveloped viruses Adeno, papilloma, polyoma, parvo etc.
- 8. Picornaviruses
- 9. Orthomyxovirus
- 10. Paramyxovirus
- 11. Rhabdovirus
- 12. Hepatitis viruses I
- 13. Hepatitis viruses II
- 14. Retroviruses HIV & AIDS
- 15. Arboviruses I
- 16. Arboviruses II
- 17. Rotavirus & other viruses causing gastroenteritis
- 18. Coronavirus SARS
- 19. Oncogenic viruses
- 20. Marburg, Ebola & other HMG Viruses
- 21. Teratogenic viruses Rubella, others
- 22. Slow viruses Prion & prion diseases

PARASITOLOGY:

- 1. Introduction to Parasitology
- 2. Protozoal parasites characteristics, classification & diseases
- 3. Helminthic parasites
- 4. Protozoa I Entamoeba histolytica
- 5. Free living amoeba
- 6. Protozoa II Giardia
- 7. Trichomonas
- 8. Leishmania
- 9. Trypanosomes
- 10. Plasmodium
- 11. Coccidia I Toxoplasma
- 12. Coccidia II Cryptosporidium, Cyclospora, Isospora
- 13. Coccidia III Sarcosystis & Microsporidia
- 14. Class Test on Protozoal parasites
- 15. Cestodes characteristics, classification & diseases
- 16. Cestodes I Taenia
- 17. Cestodes II Echinococcus
- 18. Cestodes III Hymenolepsis & Diphyllobothrium
- 19. Trematodes _ Blood flukes Schistosomes
- 20. Trematodes II Lung flukes Paragonimus

- 21. Trematodes III Hepatic flukes Chlonorchis & Fasciola
- 22. Trematodes IV Intestinal flukes Fasciolopsis, Gastrodiscoides etc.
- 23. Characteristics of nematodes Ascaris
- 24. Trichuris & Trichinella, Enterobius
- 25. Strongyloides
- 26. Hookworms
- 27. Filarial worm I Lymphatic
- 28. Filarial worm II others
- 29. Dracunculus
- 30. Larvae migrans
- 31. Entomology I

MYCOLOGY:

- 1. Introduction to Mycology and disease classification
- 2. Dermatophytosis
- 3. Subcutaneous mycoses
- 4. Systemic mycoses and Ols
- 5. Mycotoxins
- 6. Antimycotic agents

SUBJECT - PHARMACOLOGY

PAPER – I (1st half)

A) General Pharmacology

- 1. Approaches to drug discovery and development of new drugs
- 2. Routes of administration and new drug delivery system
- 3. Absorption, Distribution & binding of drugs to plasma proteins
- 4. Pharmacokinetics, Plasma half life and biological half life
- 5. Biotransformation and excretion of drugs
- 6. Enzyme induction, enzyme inhibition and completion; and drug interactions
- 7. Mechanism of drug action and drug-receptor interactions
- 8. Pharmacogenetics
- 9. Terratogenecity and Carcinogenecity of drugs
- 10. Adverse effects of drugs
- 11. Factors modifying drug action
- 12. Rational use of drugs and essential drugs

B) Autonomic Nervous System (A.N.S.)

- 1. Anatomical and physiological consideration of Autonomic Nervous System
- 2. Cholinergic drugs, Cholinergic receptors and their pharmacological characterization
- 3. Anticholinergic, ganglion blocking and neuromuscular blocking drugs
- 4. Irreversible cholinesterases and cholinesterase reactivating drugs
- 5. Adrenergic rugs, adrenergic receptors and their pharmacological characterization
- Adrenergic blocking drugs.

C) Drugs affecting blood & Blood formagtion

- 1. Haematinics
- 2. Drugs affecting coagulation

D) Drugs acting on respiratory system

1. Drugs used in Bronchial asthma and anti tussive agents.

PAPER - I (2nd half)

A) Cental nervous system (C.N.S.)

- 1. Physiology and Pharmacology of neuro humoral transmission in the CNS
- 2. Drug therapy of Parkinsonism
- 3. Pre-anaesthetic medication, pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of general anesthetic agents.

B) Cardiovascular system

- 1. Electrophysiology of heart
- 2. Patho-physiology of cardiac arrhythmias and anti-arrhythmic drugs
- 3. Pharmacotherapy of congestive heart failure
- 4. Anti-anginal agents
- 5. Anti-hypertensive agents.

C) Drugs acting on Kidney

1. Diuretics and anti-diuretics

PAPER - II (1st half)

A) Drugs acting on Gastro-intestinal tract

- 1. Drugs acting on gastro-intestinal tract
- 2. Emetics & anti emetics
- 3. Drugs for constipation & diarrhea

B) Endocrinology

- 1. Hormones of anterior pituitary gland
- 2. Thyroid hormones and thyroid inhibitors
- 3. Insulin, oral hypoglycemic agents and glucagon
- 4. Pharmacology and therapeutics of corticosteroids
- 5. Gonodal hormones and their antagonists, oral contraceptive pills
- 6. Oxytocin and drugs acting on uterus

PAPER - II (2nd half)

A) Autacoids and related drugs

- 1. Histamine & anti-histaminics
- 2. Drug affecting coagulation bleeding and thrombosis
- 3. Hypolipidemic drugs

B) Antimicrobial agents (AMAS)

- 1. General concept of chemotherapy and mechanism of action of AMAS
- 2. Sulphonamides, co-trimoxazole and quinolones
- 3. β Lactam antibiotics
- 4. Tetragcyclines and chloramphenicol
- 5. Aminoglycoside antibiotics
- 6. Miscellaneous antibiotics
- 7. Chemotherapy of tuberculosis and leprosy
- 8. Anti-viral agents
- 9. Anti-fungal agents
- 10. Chemotherapy of malaria and other protozoan diseases
- 11. Chemotherapy of helminthiasis

C) Chemotherapy of Neoplastic diseases

D) Autacoids and related drugs

- 1. Histamine and antihistaminics
- 2. 5-HT and its antagonists and drug therapy of migraine
- 3. Prostaglandins, leukotrienes and platelet activating factor
- 4. Renin-angiotensin system and plasma kinins

SUBJECT - COMMUNITY MEDICINE

PAPER - I

- Concepts of health and disease
- Epidemiology
- Screening
- Epidemiology of communicable and Non-communicable disease
- Health information and Biostatistics
- Environmental science including Hospital waste management and disaster management
- Hospital acquired infection
- School health
- Urban health

PAPER – II

- Demography and Family planning
- MCH
- Nutrition and health
- Social science including behavioural science related to health
- Occupational health
- Communication including counseling
- Genetics
- Health care delivery system
- International health
- Health planning and management
- National health programmes
- Mental health
- Geriatrics

SUBJECT - MEDICINE

$\underline{PAPER-I}$ (1st half)

Disease of Cardio – vascular system, Disease of the blood, Diseases of the kidney and genitor urinary stem and Deficiency diseases

PAPER-I (2nd half)

Endocrine and metabolic diseases, Diseases of the connective tissue joints and bones immunology

$\underline{PAPER - II}$ (1st half)

Diseases of the alimentary tract and pancrease, diseases of the liver and biliary stems, Helminthiasis and Diseases due to infection including AIDS

PAPER – II (2nd half)

Diseases of the respiratory system including tuberculosis, Diseases of the nervous system, Poisoning, Psychiatry, Dermatology and Leprosy

SUBJECT - OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

OBSTETRICS - PAPER-I

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Obstetric history taking and examination
- 3. Conception, implantation and development of placenta, fetal circulation, abnormalities of placenta
- 4. Foetal skull and bony pelvis
- 5. Diagnosis of pregnancy
- 6. Physiological changes associated with pregnancy
- 7. Ante-natal care
- 8. Early pregnancy loss and its management (Abortions)
- 9. Physiology of labour
- 10. Mechanism of labour
- 11. Management of labour
- 12. Complications of 3rd stage of labour
- 13. Abnormal labour e.g. Prolonged labour / obstructed labour
- 14. Pre-term labour
- 15. Induction of labour
- 16. Pre-maturity
- 17. Post-maturity
- 18. Conduction of normal delivery
- 19. Operation delivery
- 20. Forceps delivery
- 21. Vaccum delivery
- 22. Caesarean section
- 23. Ante-partum haemorrhage
- 24. Hydramnios
- 25. Hyperemisis gravidarum
- 26. Medical Disorder associated with pregnancy e.g.
 - Pregnancy with anaemia
 - Pregnancy with heart disease
 - Pregnancy with diabetes
 - Pregnancy with jaundice / hepatitis
 - Renal problems during pregnancy
 - Pyrexia in pregnancy
- 27. Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy e.g. PET
 - Eclampasia
 - Essential hypertension

- 28. Obstetric shock
- 29. Intra uterine growth retardation and its management
- 30. Fetal distress and its management
- 31. Fetal Monitoring
- 32. Fetal presentations
- 33. Breech presentation
- 34. Occipito posterior position
- 35. Brow presentation

- 36. Face presentation
- 37. Cord prolapsed / compound presentation
- 38. Transvese lie/ybstable lie
- 39. Multiple pregnancy
- 40. Puerperium (normal and abnormal)
- 41. Examination of the new-born baby
- 42. Resuscitation of new-born
- 43. Minor problems of the new-born
- 44. Breast feeding and its importance
- 45. Obstetric injuries / ruptured uterus
- 46. Haematological disorder of pregnancy e.g. (i) Rh incompatibility
 - (ii) Thelassemia major/minor
- 47 Role of Ultrasound in obstetric
- 48. Foetal congenital abnormalities
- 49. Vital statistics.

GYNAECOLOGY - PAPER - II

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Anatomy of female: (i) Genital organs (ii) Development of female genital organs
- 3. Puberty and adolescence
- 4. Ovulation and its clinical importance
- 5. Normal menstruation
- 6. Menstrual abnormalities
- 7. Gynaecological history taking and examination
- 8. Minor gynaecological operative procedures
- 9. Amenorrhoea
- 10. Infertility
- 11. Contraception
- 12. Ectopic pregnancy
- 13. Trophoblastic tumours
- 14. Vulval lesions
- 15. Tumours of vagina
- 16. Tumours of cervix
- 17. Tumours of uterus
- 18. Tumours of ovaries
- 19. Tumours of fallopiean tubes
- 20. Menopause, Hormone replacement therapy
- 21. Genital prolapsed
- 22. Pelvic floor injuries
- 23. Urogynaecology
- 24. Problems of marriage and sex
- 25. Vaginal dischanges
- 26. Infections of female genital tract: i) Infections of upper genital tract
 - ii) Infections of lower genital tract
- 27. Pre-operative preparations
- 28. Post-operative complications and its management
- 29. Role of USG in gynaecology

SUBJECT - SURGERY

PAPER – I

Group I Group II	History of Surgery: Introduction to clinical examination of patients;
	Details of history taking; Examination of a swelling; Ulcer; Hernia;
	Chronic abdomen; Examination of swelling of head and neck including
	Thyroid; Parotids etc; Examination of the breast.
	Scope and evaluation of modern surgery; Systemic reaction and metabolic
	response to trauma; Wounds; Sepsis; Acute infections; Tetanus; Gas
	gangrene; Antibiotics and chemotherapy in surgery; Hospital infection
	(Nosocomial infection); Pre and Post Operative care and Sterilization
	techniques.
Group III	Chronic specific infections; Tuberculosis, Filariassis; Fistula; Sinus; Ulcer;
	Haemorrhage; Shock; Blood transfusion; Fluid and electrolyte; Acid-base
	balance; Nutritional support in surgical patients; Veneral disease.
Group IV	Diseases of head; Head injury; Hydrocephalus; Spine; Meningoceles;
	Diseases of muscles; Tendons and Bones; Hand infection; Peripheral
	nerves.
Group V	Basic considerations of tumour; Cyst; Mouth; Tongue; Salivery gland;
	Lymphatics and Lymph nodes; Hodgkin's disease; Non Hodgkin's
	lymphopma
Group VI	Thorax; Thymus; Pleura; Lungs; Heart and great vessels; Oesophagus;
	Diaphragm; Peripheral vascular disease; Buerger's Disease; Raynaud's
	disease; Thromboembolism.
Group VII	Thermal injury; Radiation injury; skin coverage; diseases of skin-
	melanoma; face; lip, Palate; Gum and Jaw injuries of the foot.
Group VIII	Basis considerations of Oncology; Radiation therapy; Cancer
	chemotherapy; Hormone replacement therapy; Immunology.
	Orthopaedics

$\underline{PAPER-II}$

Group IX	Stomach; Duodenum; small intestine; intestinal obstruction;
	Pancreas;Liver and spleen.
Group X	Hernia; Appendix; Colon; Rectum and anal canal; Peritoneum; Umbilicus
	and anterior abdominal wall.
Group XI	(Urology): Adrenal gland; Acute & chronic renal failure; Kidney function
	tests; Diseases of kidney including congenital anomalies; Urethra; Urinary
	bladder; Prostate; Seminal vesicles; Urethra; Scrotum and Tests; Penis;
	Basic considerations of renal & renal & organ transplantation
Group XII	Thyroid: Thyroglosal tract and Parathyroid: Diseases of the breast